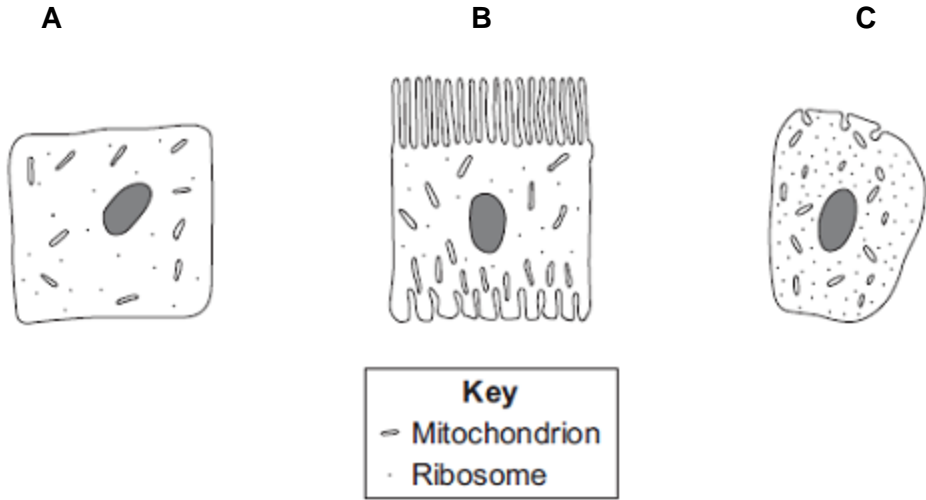


1

Diagrams **A**, **B** and **C** show cells from different parts of the human body, all drawn to the same scale.



(a) Which cell, **A**, **B** or **C**, appears to be best adapted to increase diffusion into or out of the cell?

Give **one** reason for your choice.

.....
.....

(1)

(b) (i) Cell **C** is found in the salivary glands.

Name the enzyme produced by the salivary glands.

.....

(1)

(ii) Use information from the diagram to explain how cell **C** is adapted for producing this enzyme.

.....
.....
.....
.....

(2)
(Total 4 marks)

Mark schemes

1

(a) **B**

*no mark for "B" alone, the mark is for B **and** the explanation.*

large(r) surface / area **or** large(r) membrane

accept reference to microvilli

ignore villi / hairs / cilia

accept reasonable descriptions of the surface eg folded membrane / surface

*do **not** accept wall / cell wall*

1

(b) (i) any **one** from:

- (salivary) amylase
- carbohydrase

1

(ii) many ribosomes

*do **not** mix routes. If both routes given award marks for the greater.*

1

ribosomes produce protein

accept amylase / enzyme / carbohydrase is made of protein

or

(allow)

many mitochondria (1)

mitochondria provide energy to build / make protein (1)

accept ATP instead of energy

1

[4]